

Singular Word

A word that refers to only one person or thing.
cat
Beth



Plural Word

A word that refers to more than one person or thing. The spelling rule must be used for adding -s or -es.

cats
foxes



Comma

A comma is used to break up a phrase or separate words in a list.

I went to the shop and bought eggs, chicken, milk and cheese.



Command Sentences

A sentence that orders or instructs.

Leave the building now.

Statement Sentences

A sentence that includes a fact, opinion or idea.

Ruth likes to play in the mud.

All children at the primary school wear red jumpers.

Tense

A tense tells the reader when something happens. If it has already happened, it is in the past tense. If it is happening now, it is in the present tense and if it will happen it is the future tense.

The man **kicked** the ball.

The man **is kicking** the ball.

The man **will kick** the ball.

Omitted Apostrophe

An apostrophe would be used in place of a missing letter. This is when two words have been joined together to create a shorter word, known as a contraction.

I + will = I'll

I + am = I'm

we + will = we'll



Possessive Apostrophe

A possessive apostrophe is used to show a noun is owned by a single person.
The man's dog.
The girl's pen.

Expanded Noun Phrase

In a sentence, an expanded noun phrase describes more information about the noun.

If 'dog' is the noun, a noun phrase gives more information about the dog.

The scruffy dog likes to play in the sand pit.

There can be more than one noun phrase in a sentence.

The scruffy dog likes to play in the **deep sand pit**.



Adjective

An adjective is a word that describes a noun or pronoun.

the **blue** butterfly

the **tallest** man



Verb

A verb is a word that describes an action.

sing run march

Noun

A noun is a word that names a person, place or thing.

Sam went to the **playground**.

She played with the **ball**.

Suffixes

A letter or group of letters can be added to the end of a word to make a new word with a slightly different meaning.

Adding -ment can change a verb into a noun.

enjoyment

Adding -ful or -less can change a verb or noun into an adjective

careful

careless

Adding -ness can change an adjective into a noun.

sadness

Adding -ly can change an adjective into an adverb

proudly



Year 2 SPAG Knowledge Organiser

Subordination and Co-ordination

Subordination is using 'when', 'if', 'that' and 'because' to connect two clauses together. The subordination adds additional information but will not work on its own.

The bus stopped **because** the traffic lights turned red.

Co-ordination is using 'or', 'and' or 'but' to join words that link together as part of a sentence. The sentences can be joined together and will make sense on their own.

I was feeling ill **but** I still went to work.

Adverb

An adverb is a word that describes a verb, adjective or another adverb in a sentence.

You can describe the verb;

The boy jumped **high**.

You can describe the adjective;

The **dark** green grass.

You can describe the adverb;

The man talked **very** quickly.